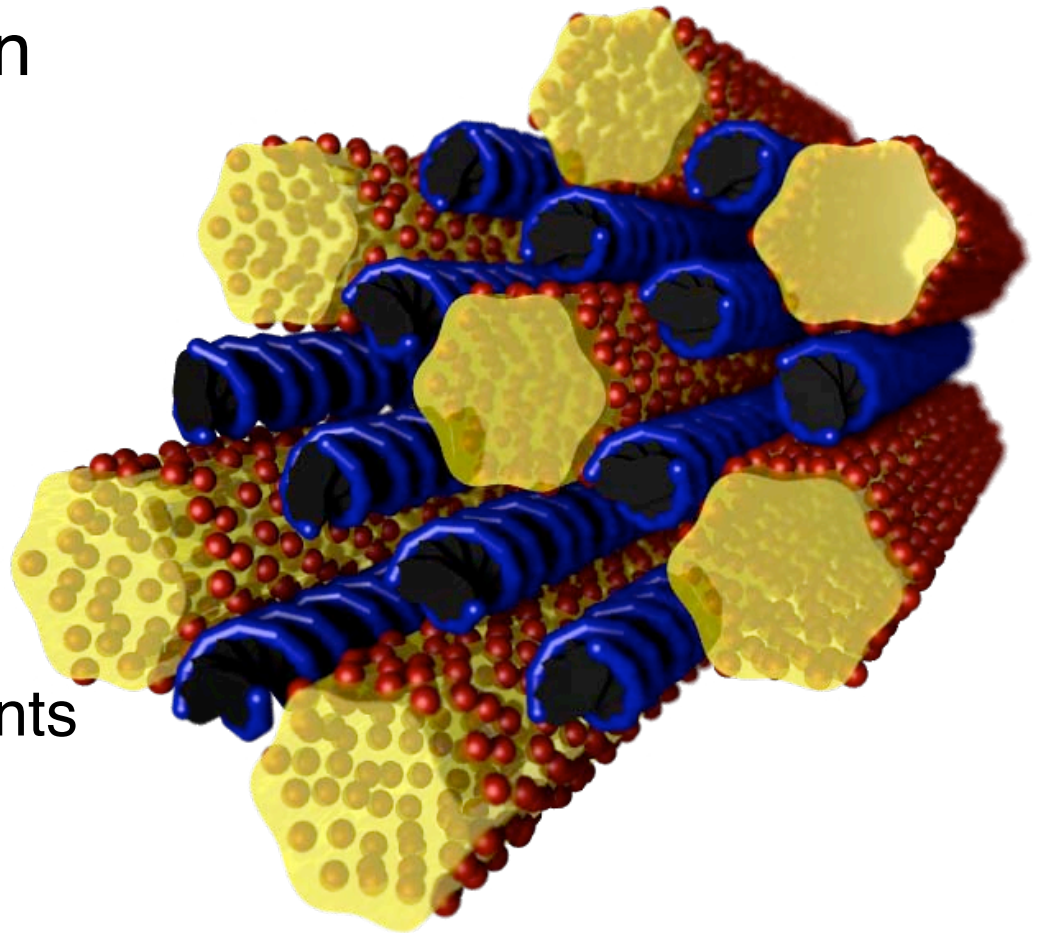


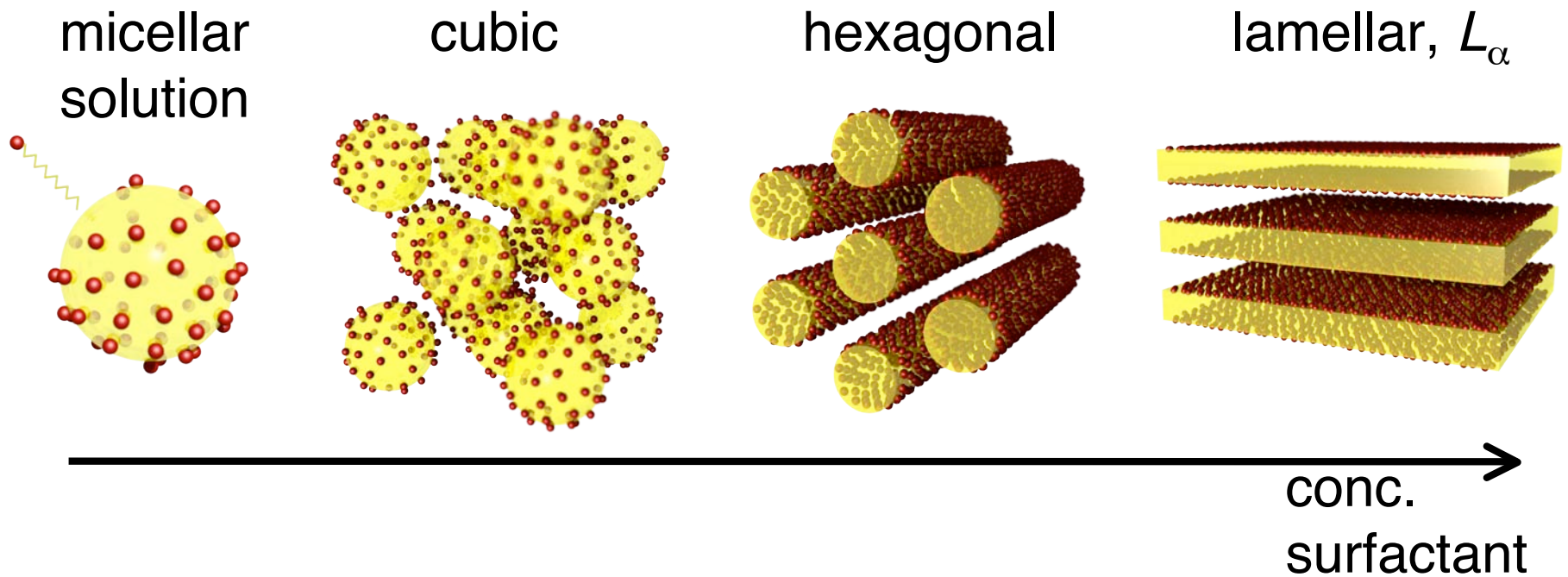
Liquid crystals

- Anisotropic motion
 - rotation
 - diffusion
- Effect on NMR measurables
 - CSA lineshapes
 - dipolar couplings
 - diffusion coefficients



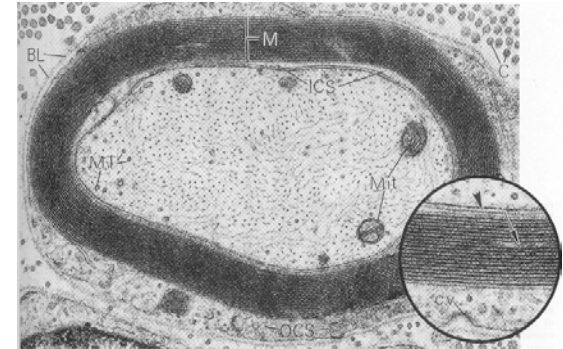
Surfactants and liquid crystals

Self-assembly in water solution



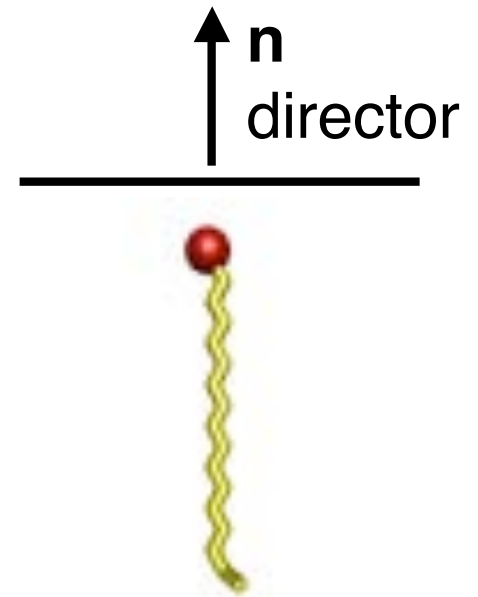
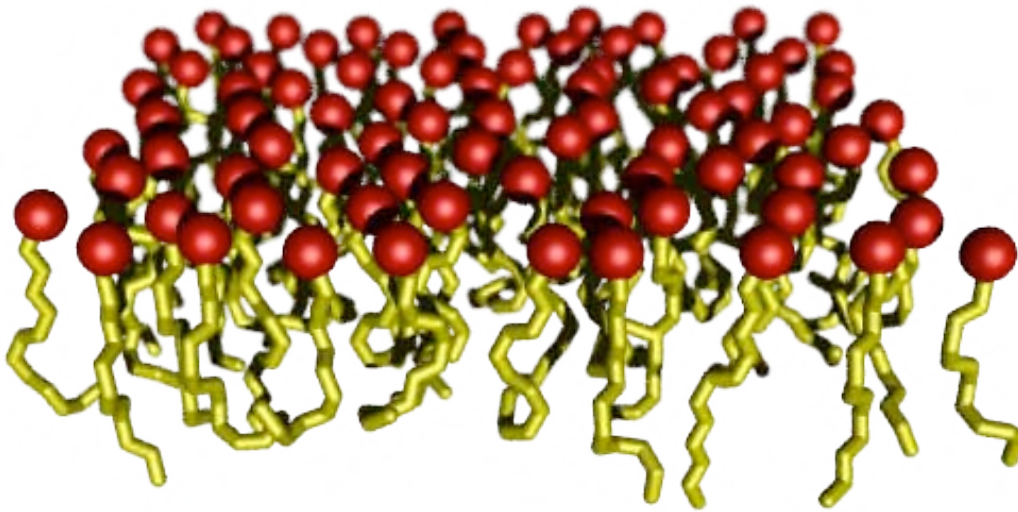
Technical and biological systems

- Detergents, paints, food, ...
- Biomembranes

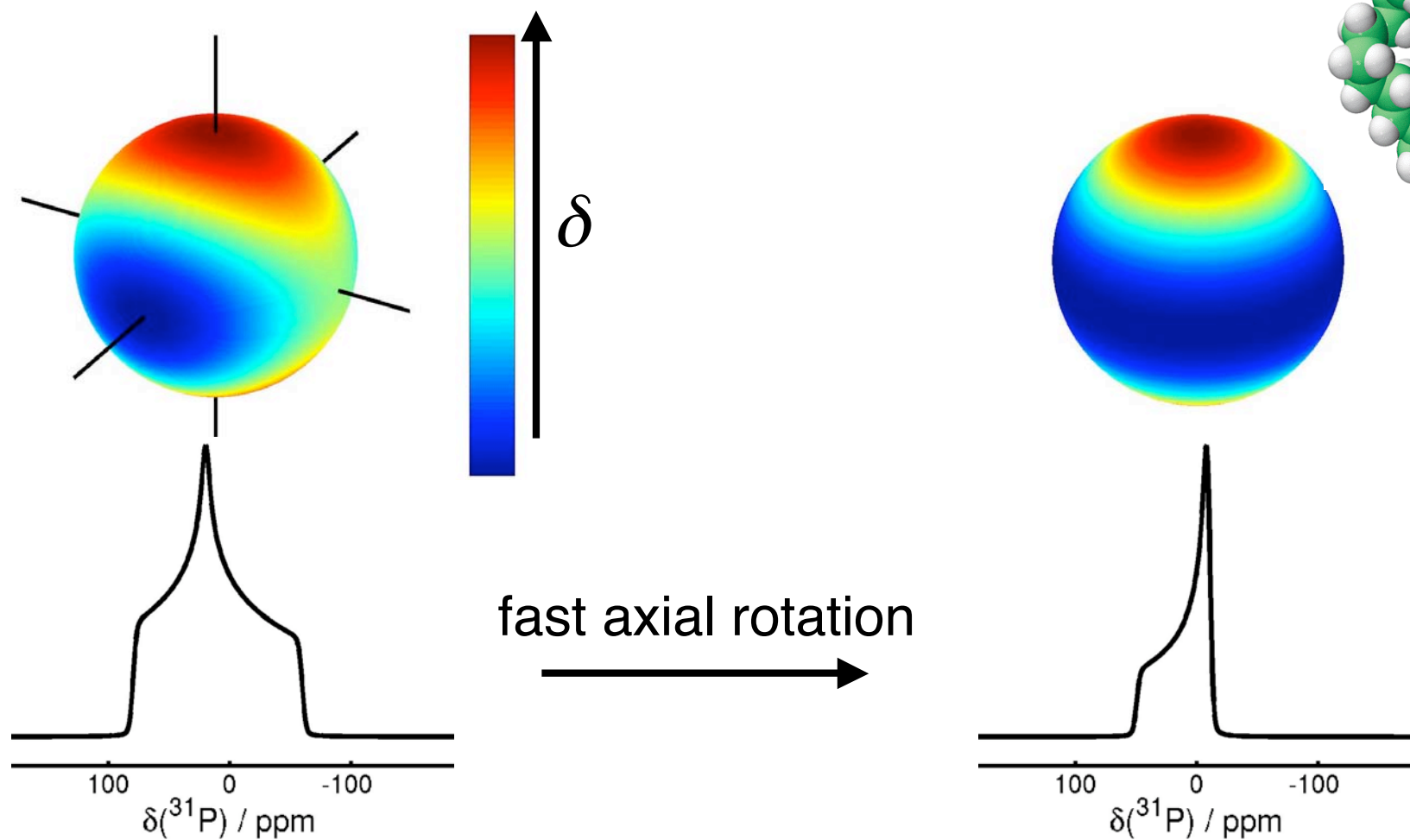
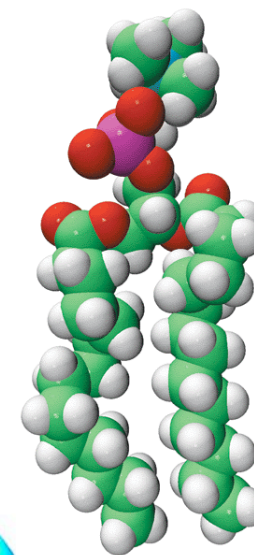


Motion in a lamellar phase

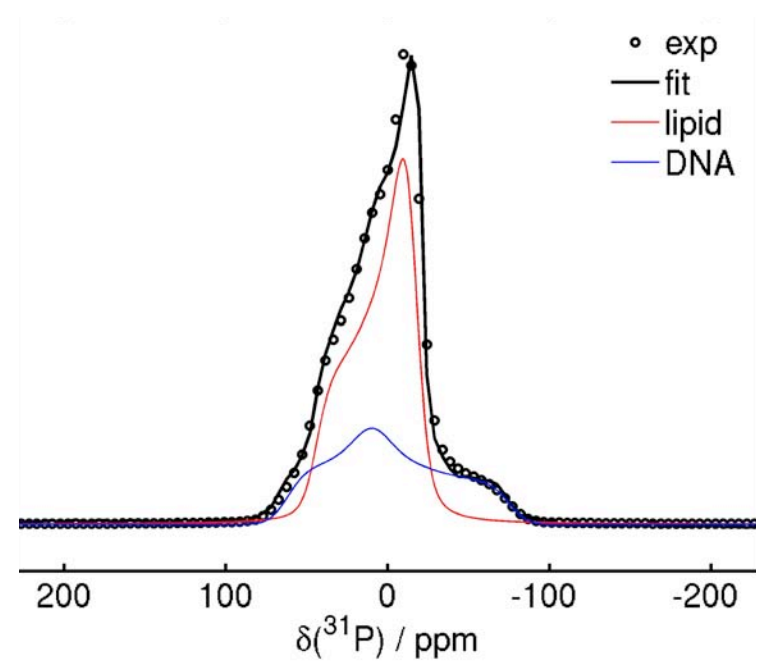
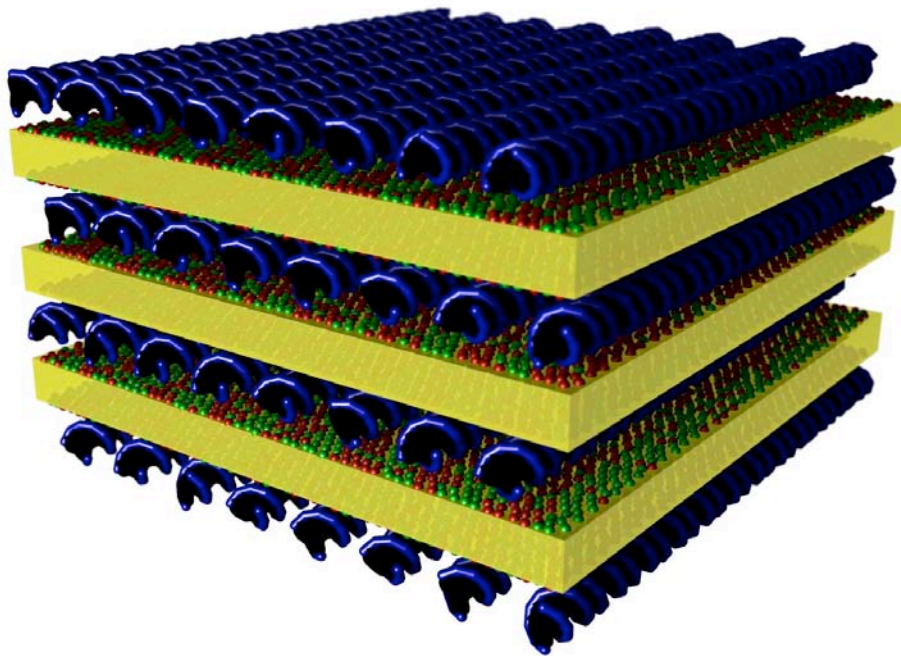
- Rotation, translation, change of conformation
- Interactions $\perp n$ averaged



^{31}P powder patterns

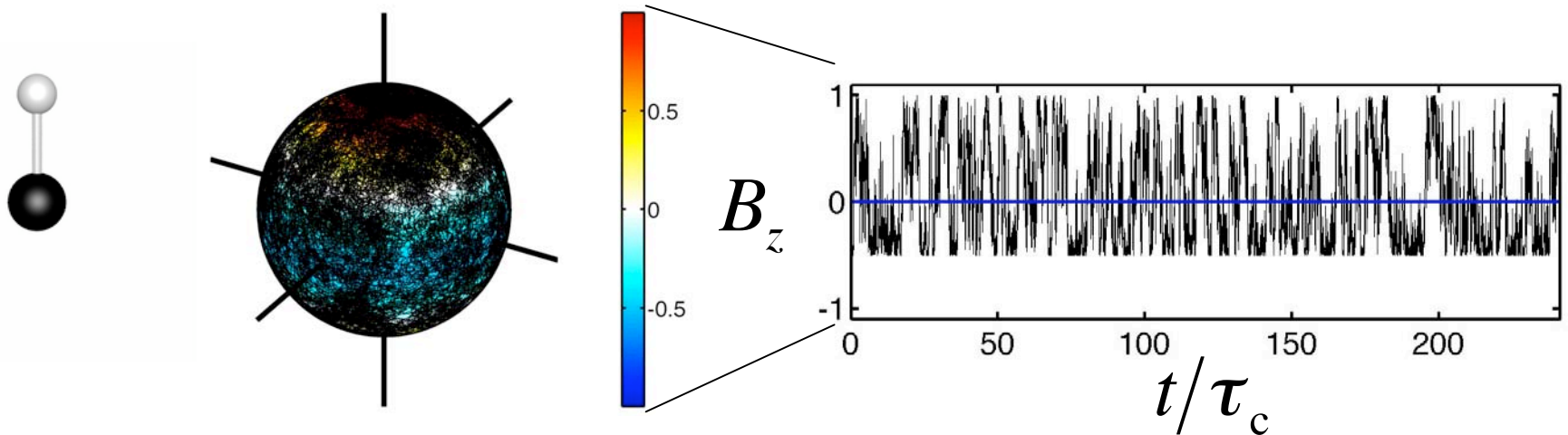


DNA and phospholipid



deconvolution

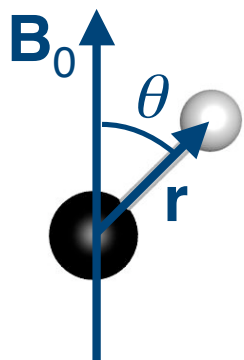
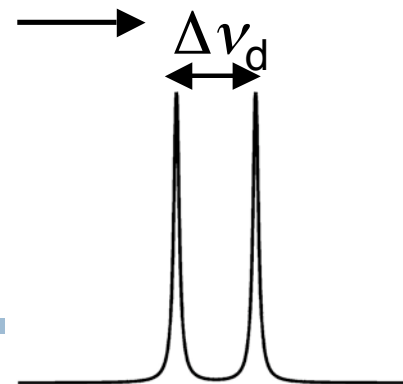
Fluctuating dipolar field, B_z



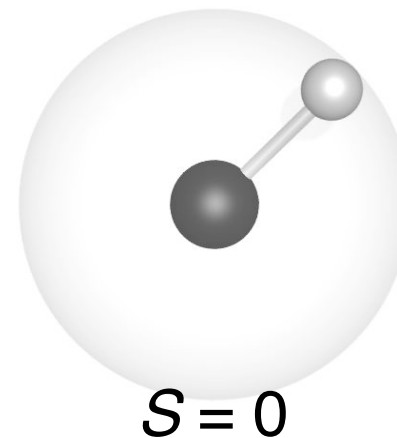
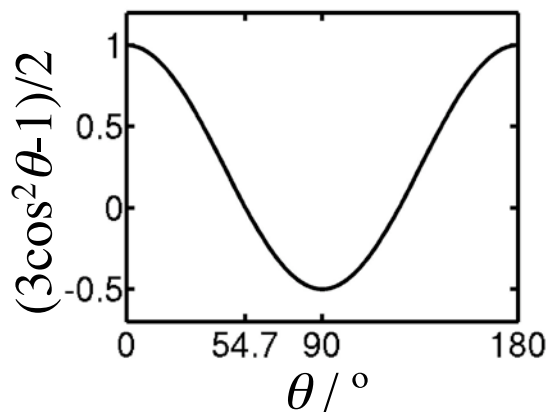
Average $\neq 0$ if anisotropic

residual dipolar coupling, RDC \longrightarrow $\Delta\nu_d$

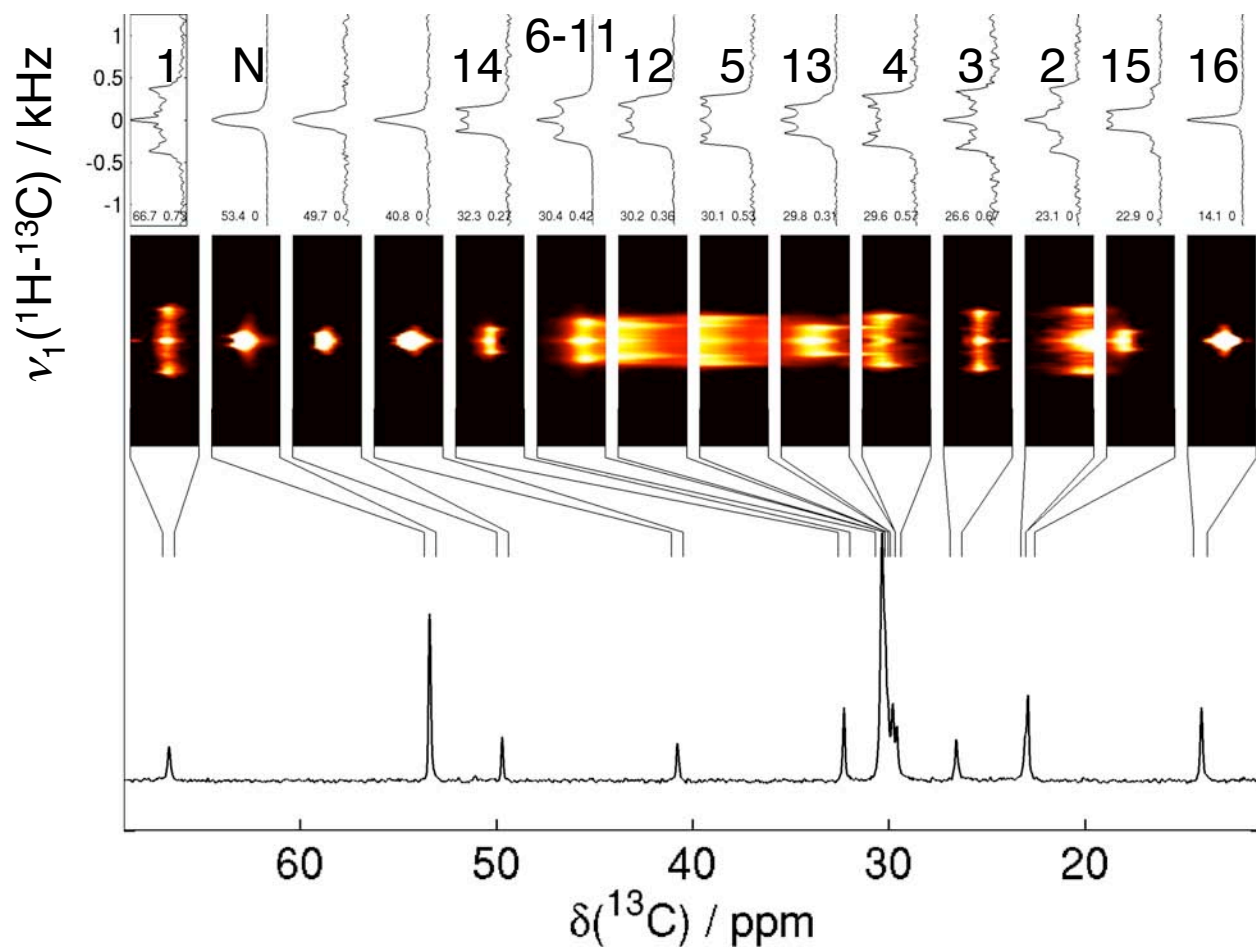
Fast, anisotropic motion



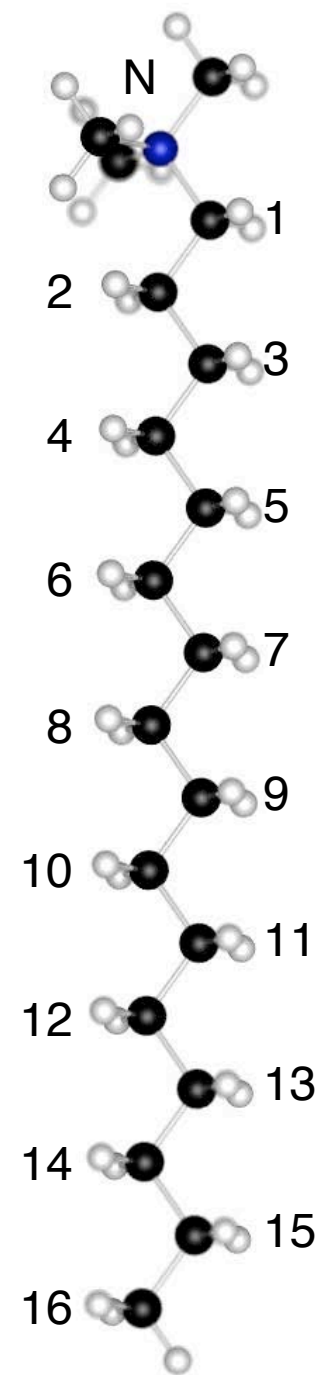
$$\Delta\nu_d = \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} \langle 3\cos^2\theta - 1 \rangle}_{\text{order parameter, } S} \Delta\nu_{d,\text{max}} \longleftarrow \text{average}$$



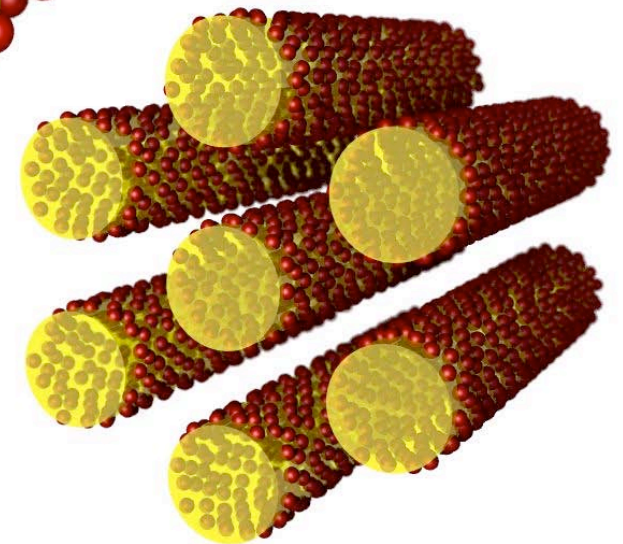
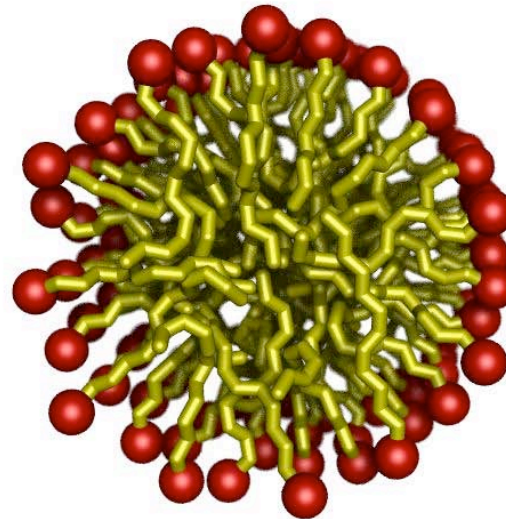
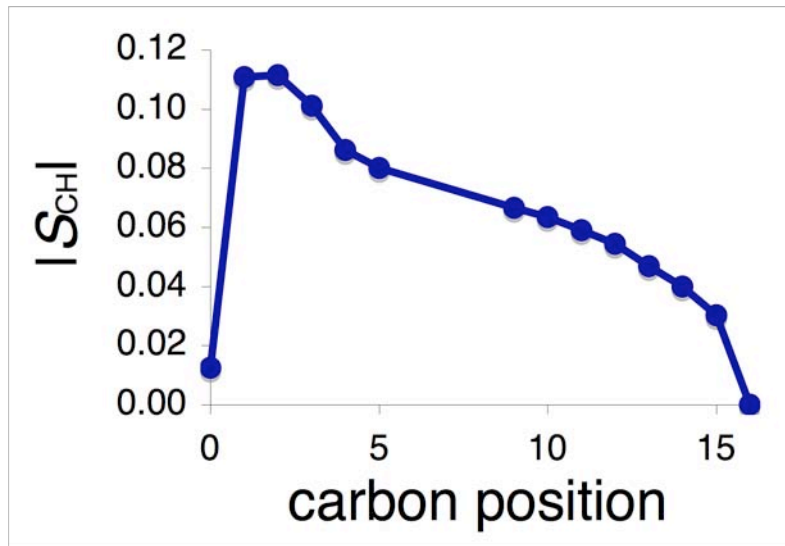
Separated local field



S_{CH} can be measured!

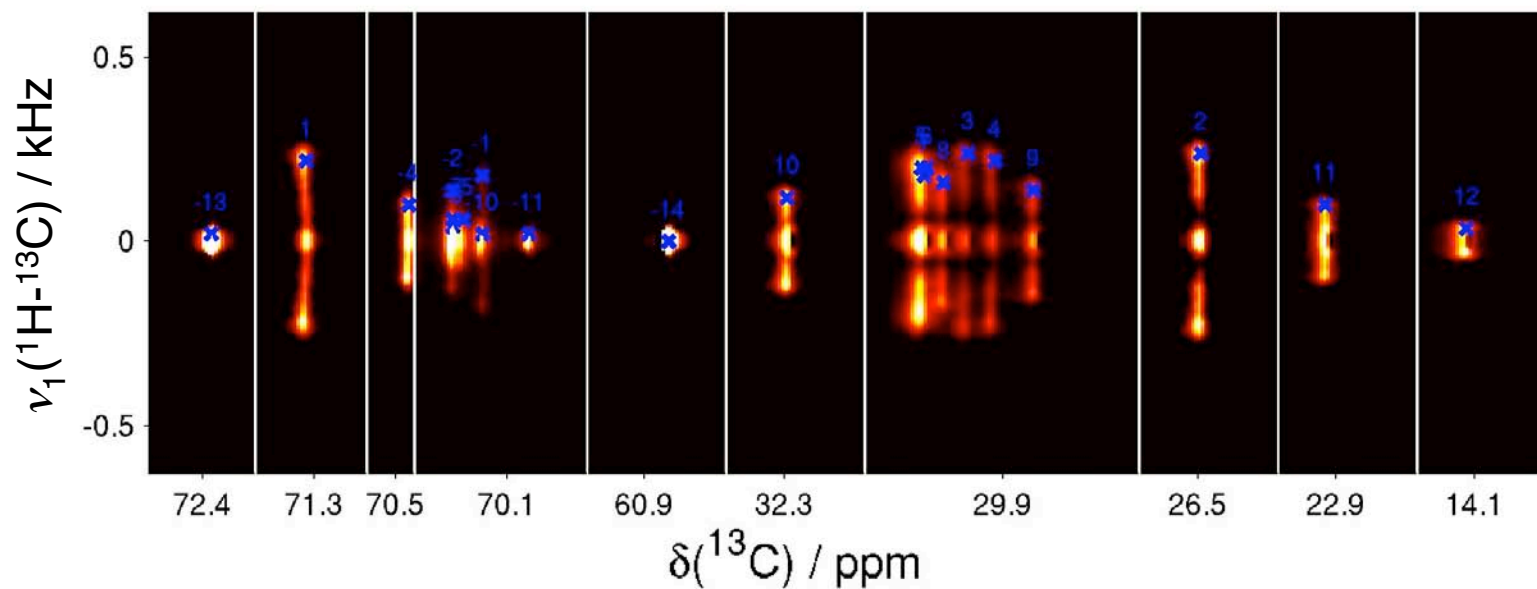
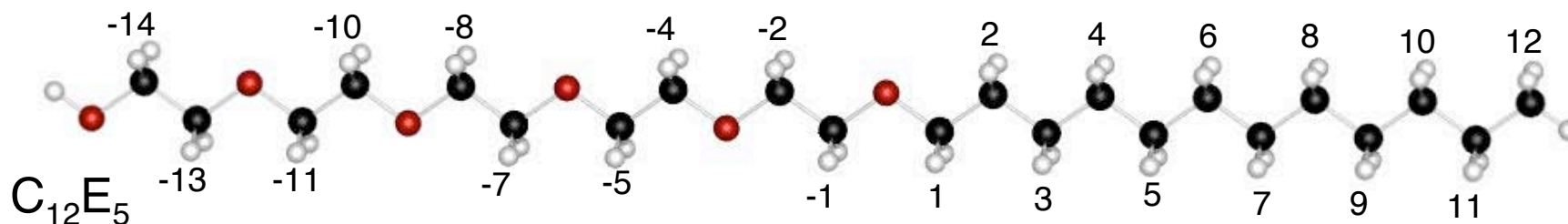


Order parameter, S_{CH}

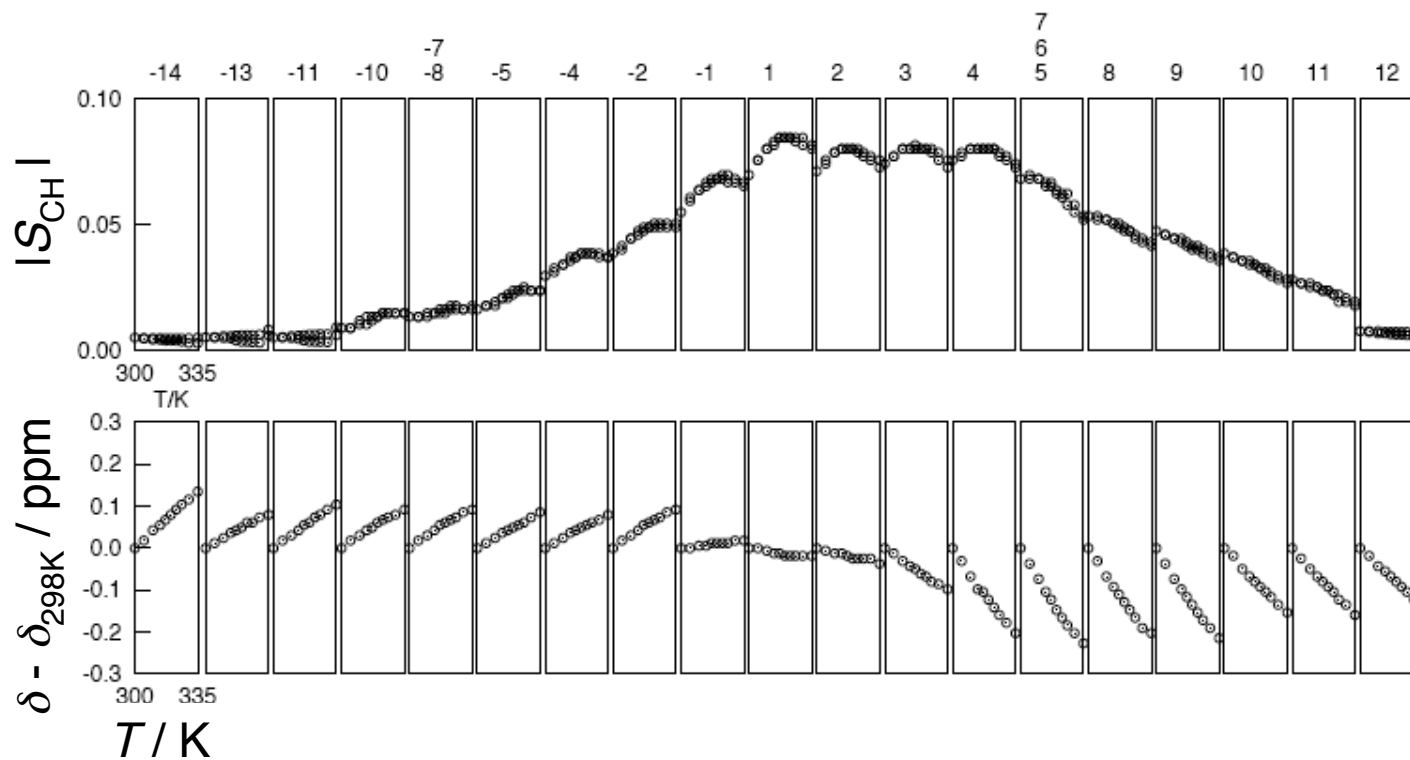
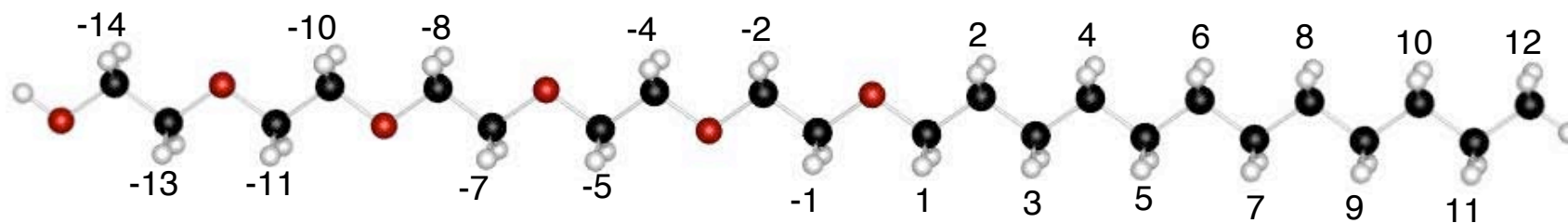


Order parameter profile

L_{α} , non-ionic surfactant



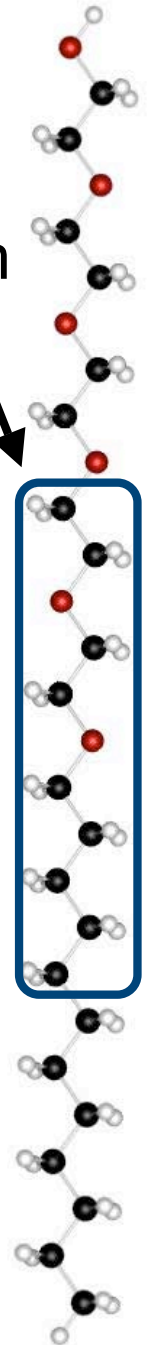
Effect of temperature



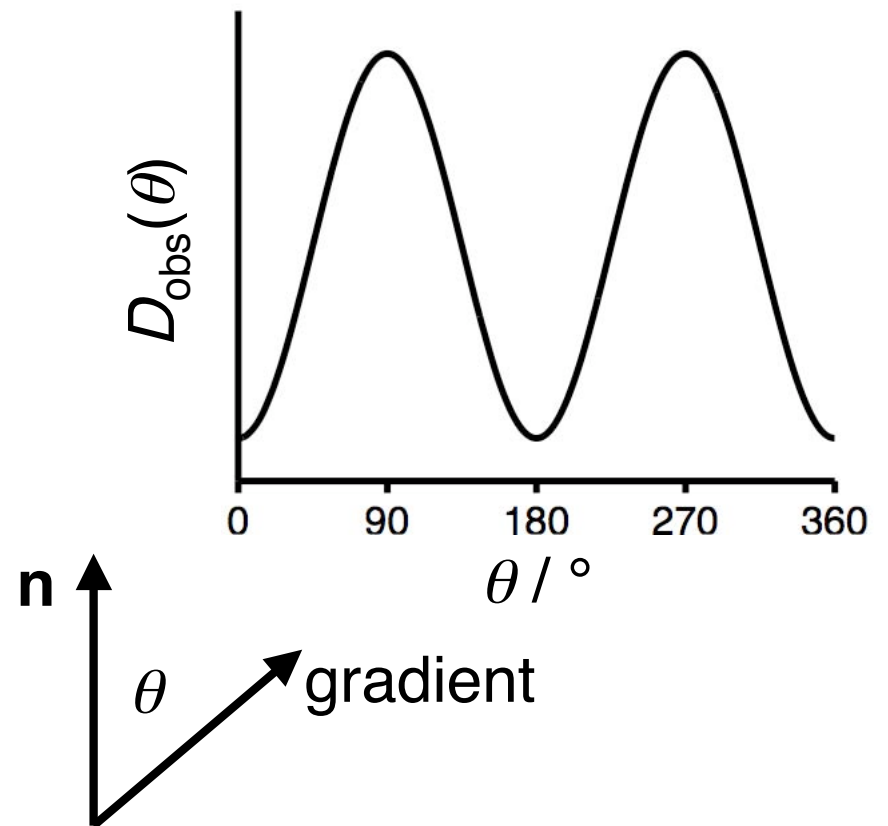
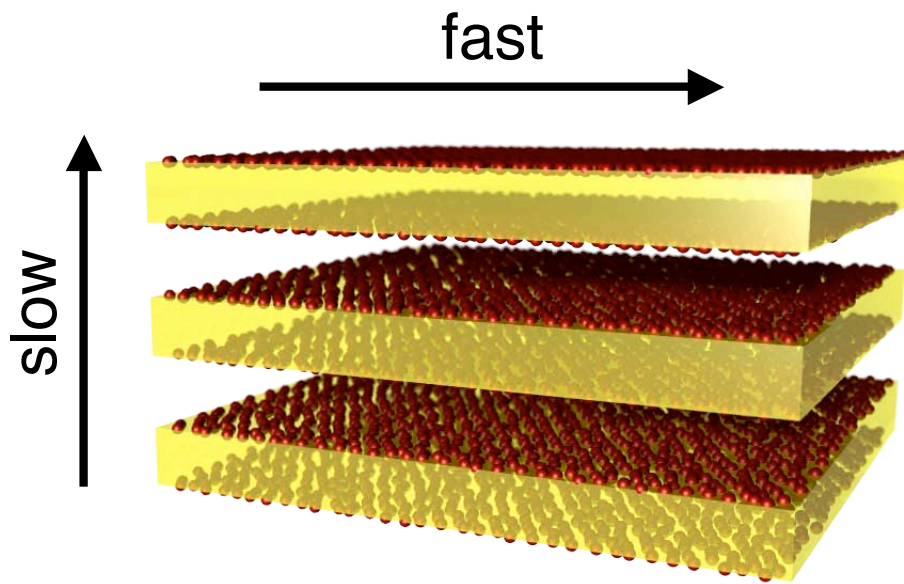
Conformation

- Lowest energy
 - alkyl: straight
 - ethylene oxide: gauche helix
- Increase T :
 - alkyl: more *gauche*
 - ethylene oxide: more *trans*

$S_{\text{CH}}(T)$ maximum

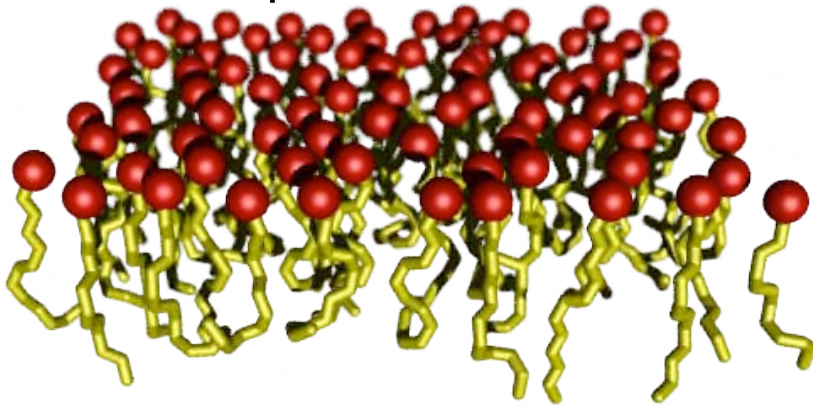


Anisotropic diffusion

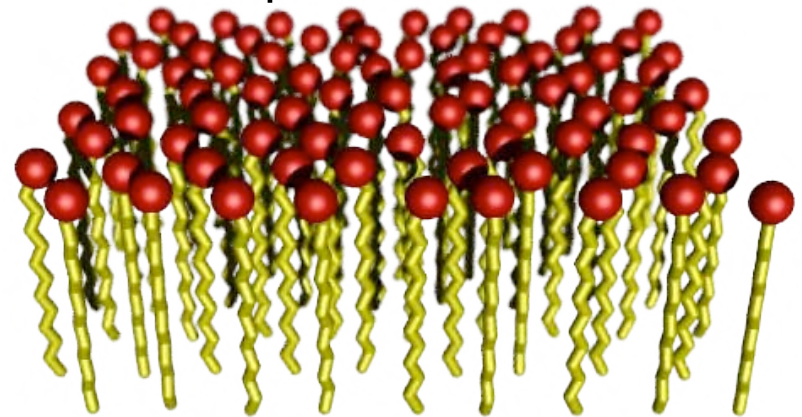


Liquid ordered phase

liquid disordered



liquid ordered

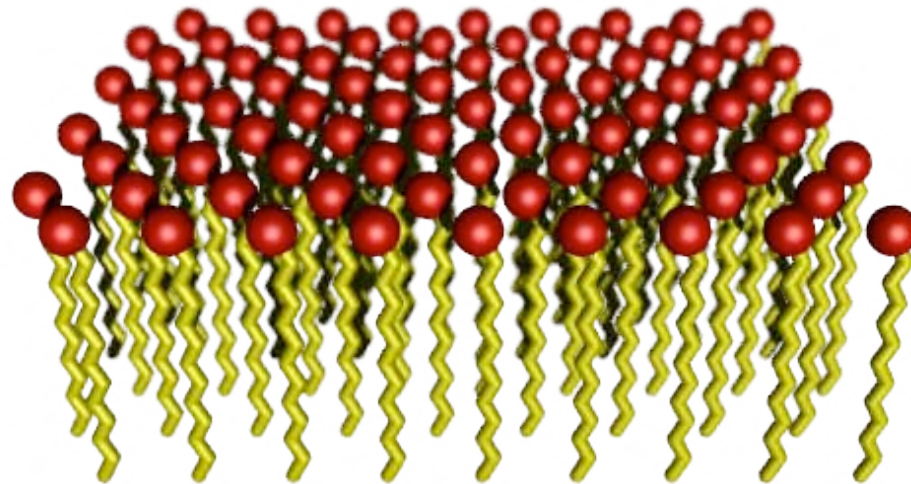


- Translational diffusion reduced factor 2-3
- Flat S_{CH} profile



Gel phase

- *All-trans* chains
- Molecularly ordered
- Slow diffusion



NMR useful info about membrane systems

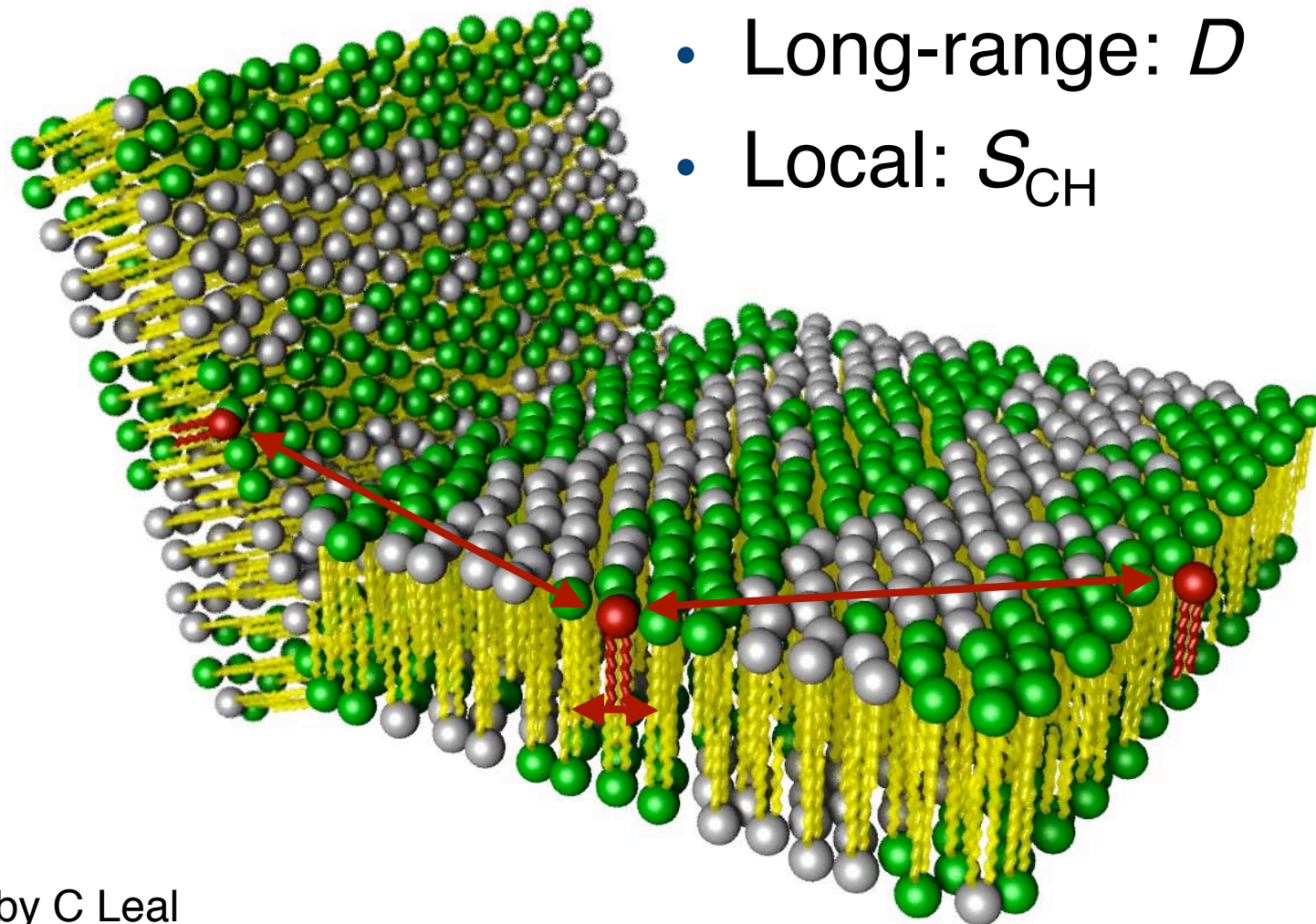
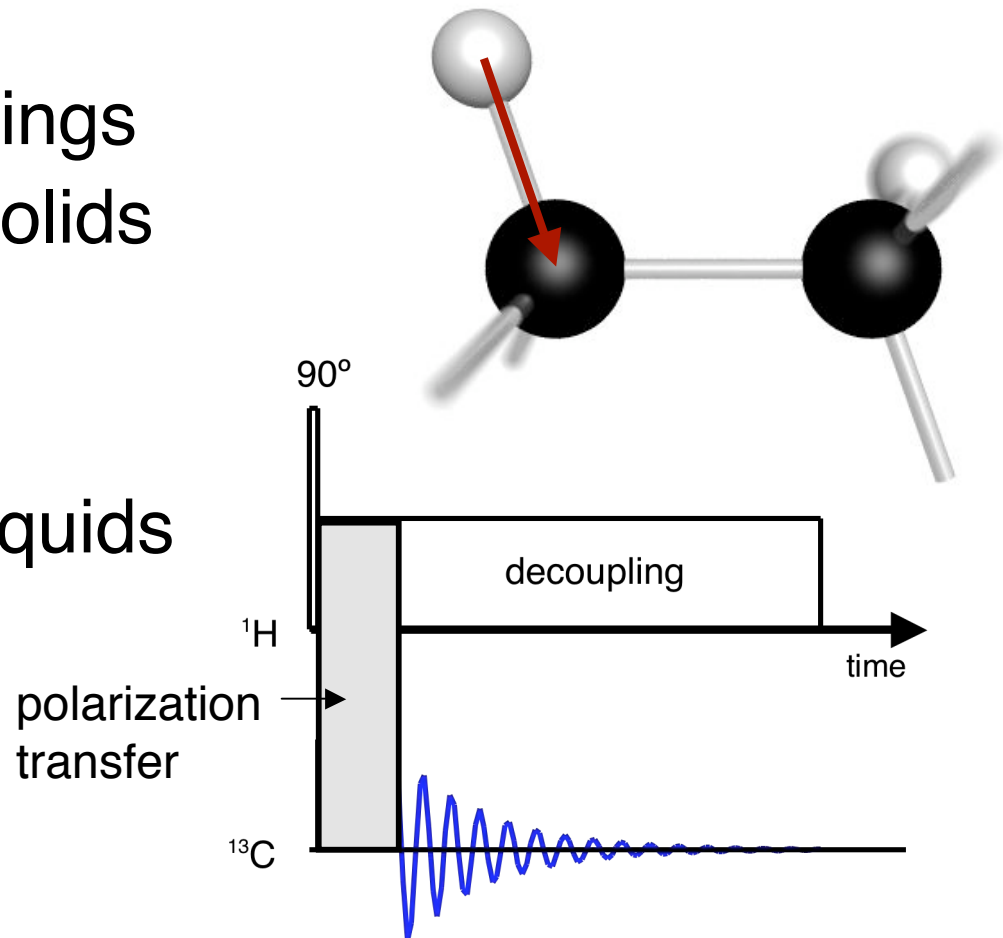


Figure by C Leal

$^1\text{H} \rightarrow ^{13}\text{C}$ polarization transfer

- CP
 - dipolar couplings
 - efficient for solids
- INEPT
 - J -couplings
 - efficient for liquids

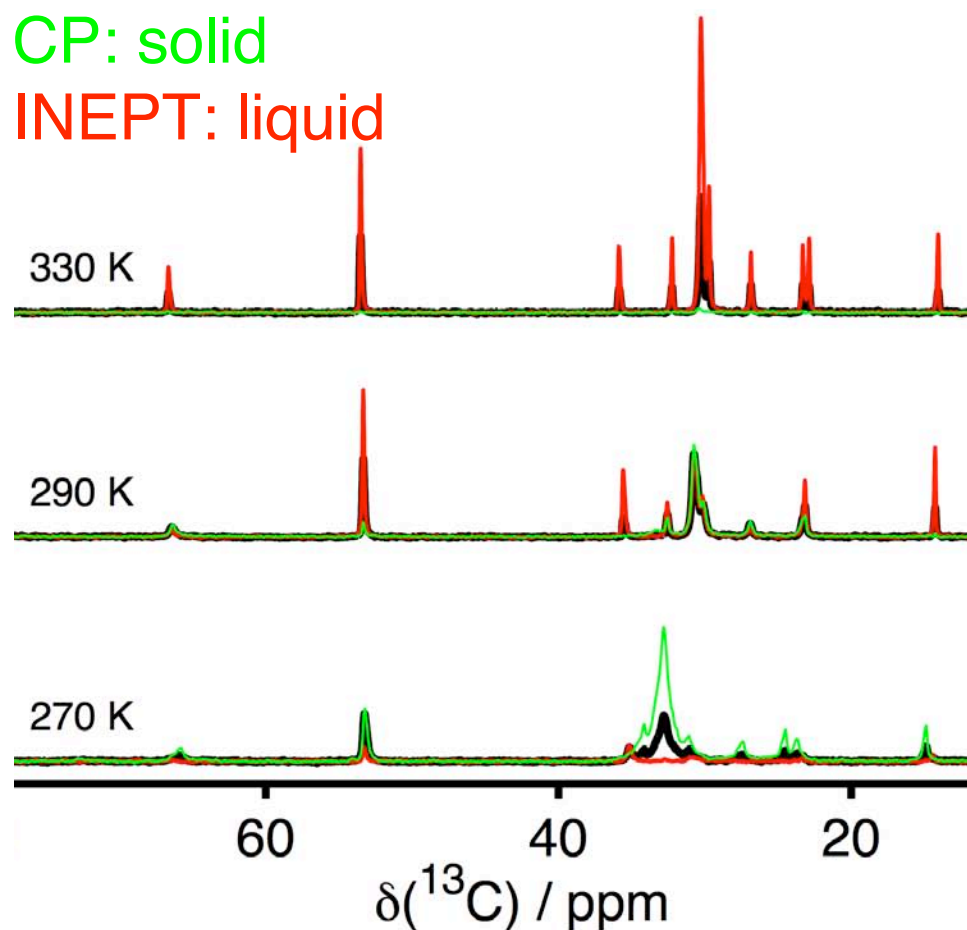


Solid or liquid?

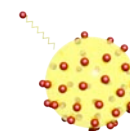
DP: quantitative

CP: solid

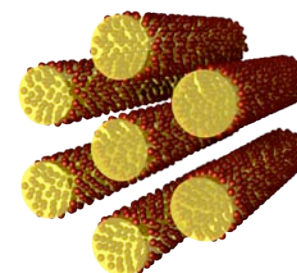
INEPT: liquid



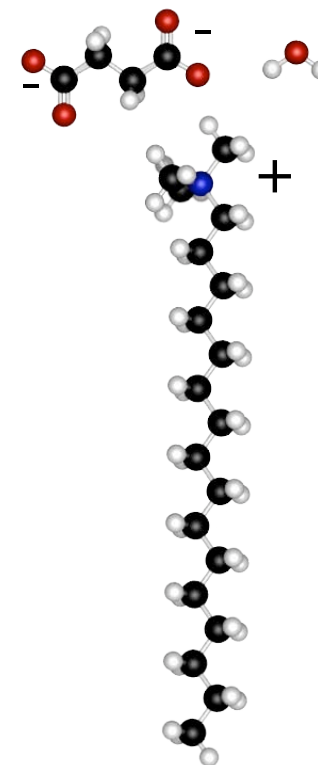
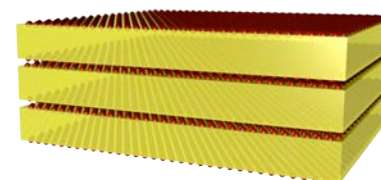
micellar
solution



liquid
crystal



solid

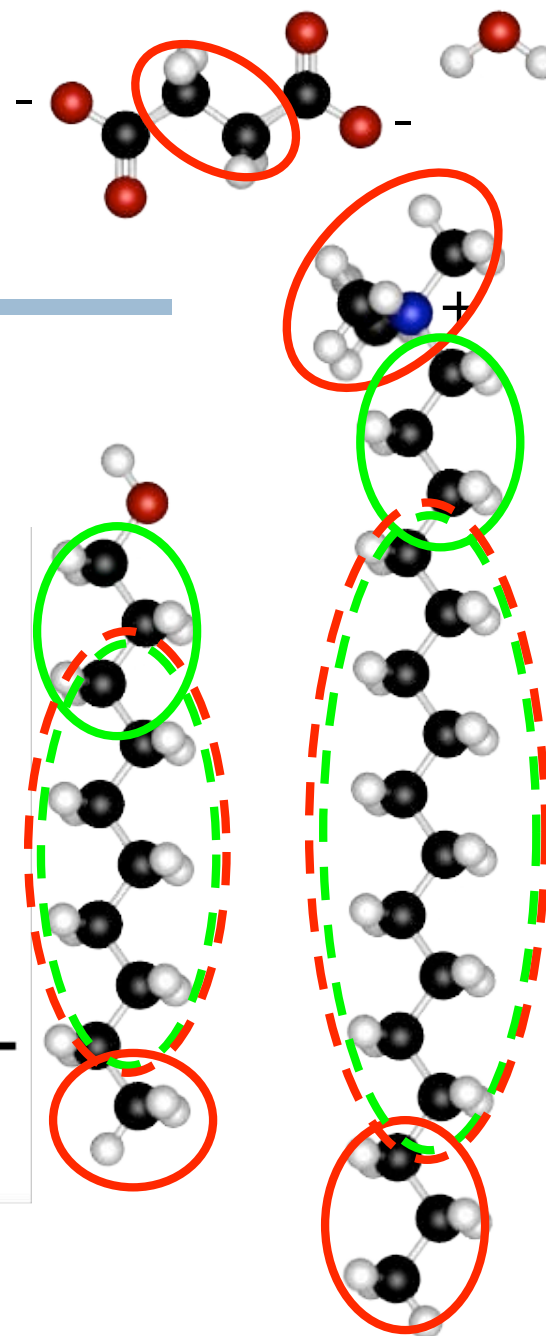
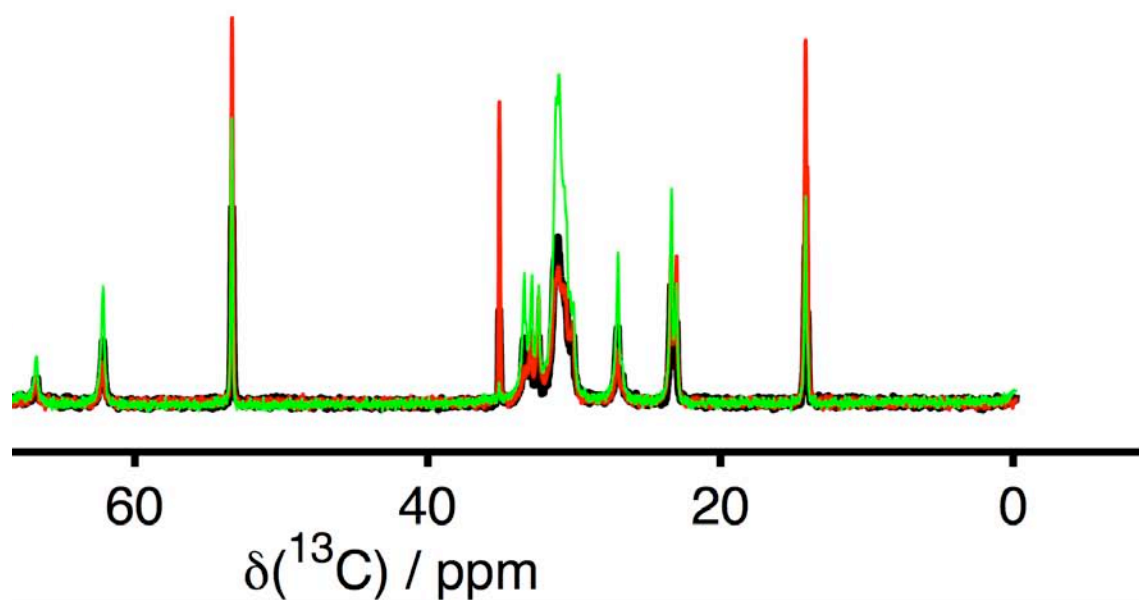


Segment resolution

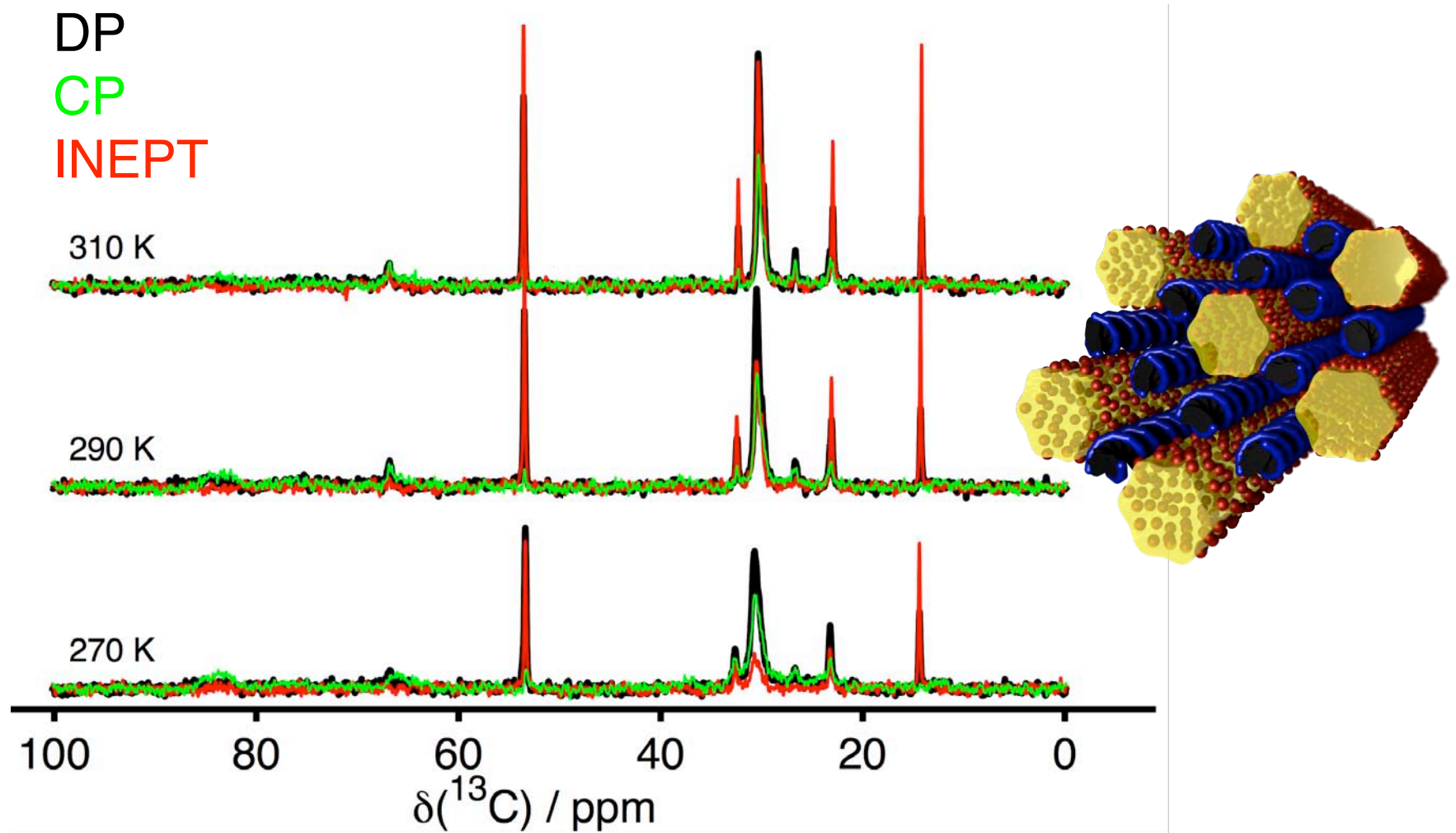
DP

CP

INEPT



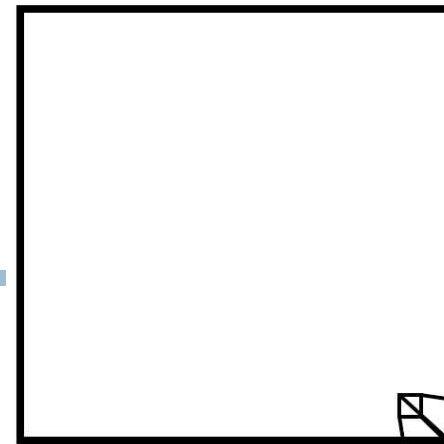
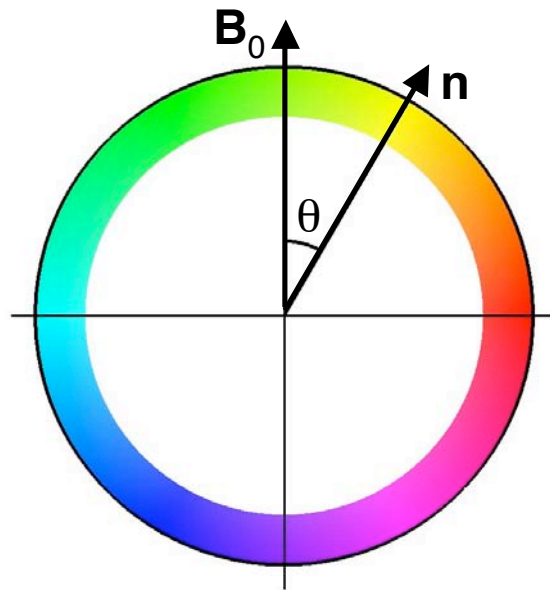
CTA-DNA: no solid crystals



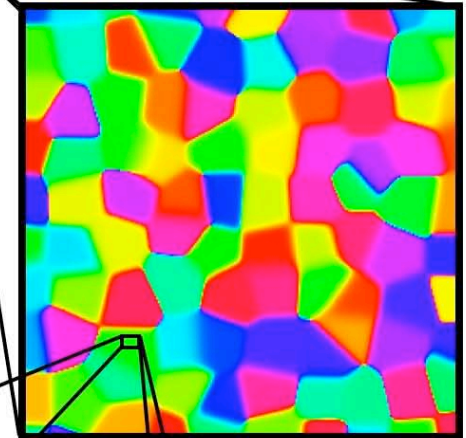
Domain size

Influence on NMR
measurables?

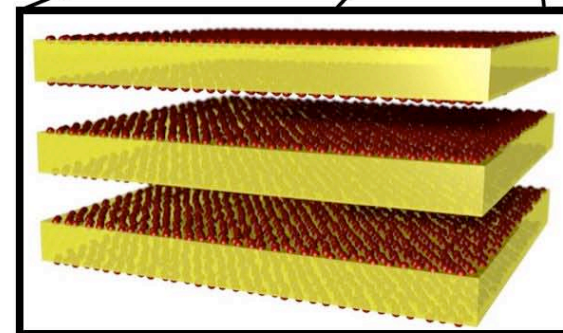
CSA, RDC, D



mm-scale:
isotropic



μm -scale:
anisotropic
domains



nm-scale:
lamellae

Trends in D and S_{CH} ?

